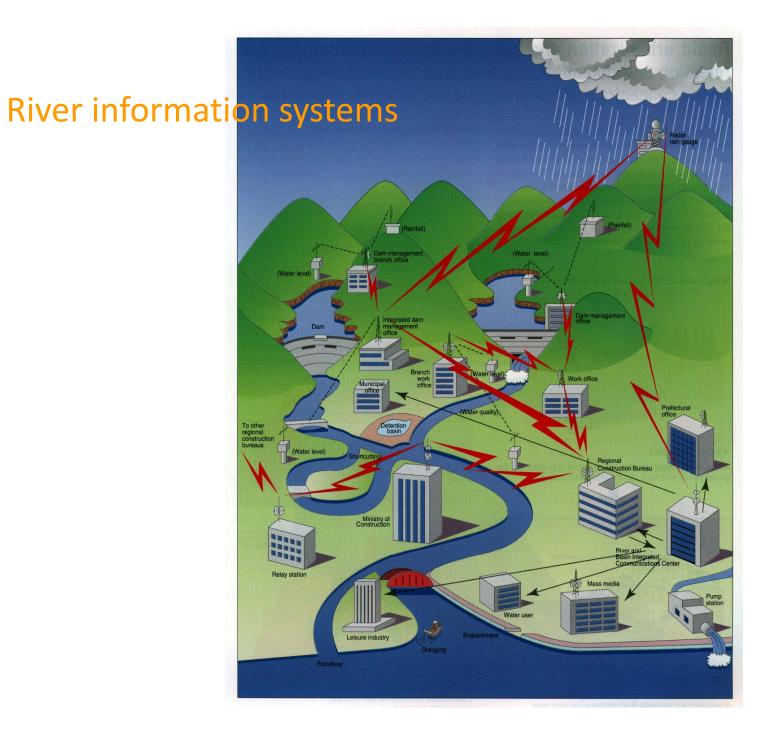
River Information System

Slides are from:

Foundation of Rver and Basin Integrated Communication (FRICS)



Sources of Data

As of March 31, 2010

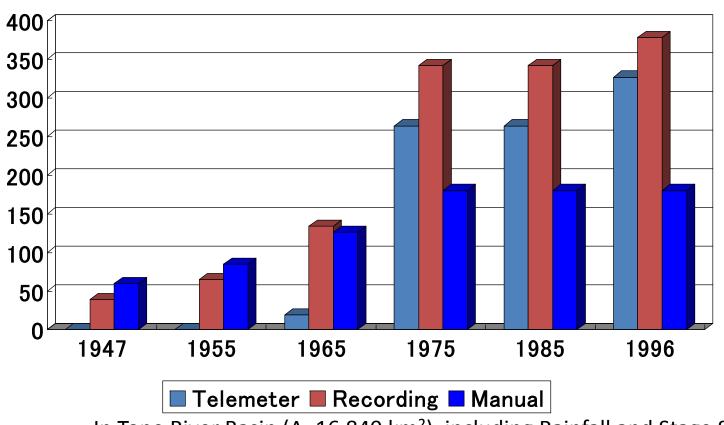
	River Bureau	Highway Bureau	Met. Agency	Local Govern- ment	Water Corporat ion, etc.	Total
Radars	26		20			46
TM Rain	2,348	1,182	1,275	4,557	243	9,605
Water Stage	2,132			4,042	88	6,262
Others	1,560	188	87	400	337	2,572
Total	6,066	1,370	1,382	8,999	668	18,485

Most data are updated every 5(radar) or 10(telemeter) minutes. © FRICS

Development of Flood Forecasting **Facilities**

Year	Item
ca.1948	Manual Reading. Reporting by Telephone and Telegraph. Manual Analysis based on Personal Experience.
1950	Introduction of Short Wave Wireless Telephone (only for Emergency Use)
1951	Introduction of VHF Telephone (Daily Use was permitted)
1952	First Telemeter Data Transmission (Using Telephone Line)
1956	Introduction of Multiplex Data Transmission Network
1970	Introduction of a Digital Computer for Flood Forecasting
1972	Installation of a Digital Computer at the Bureau Headquarter
1976	Branch Offices were connected to the HQ on-line for Flood Forecasting
1976	Installation of on-line Data Exchange Network for Tone River
1977	Installation of the First Radar Rainfall System on Mt. Akagi
1986	FRICS started Information provision to Municipalities .

Trend of Measurement Facilities



In Tone River Basin (A=16,840 km²), including Rainfall and Stage Stations

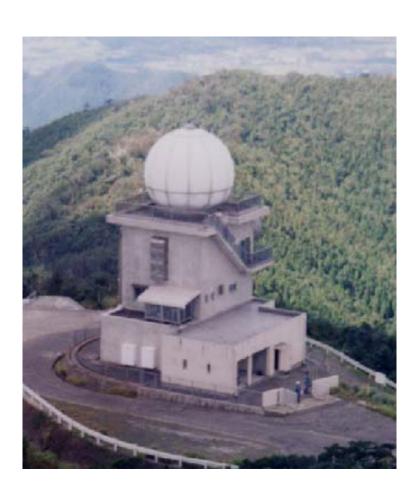
Sources of Data

As of March 31, 2010

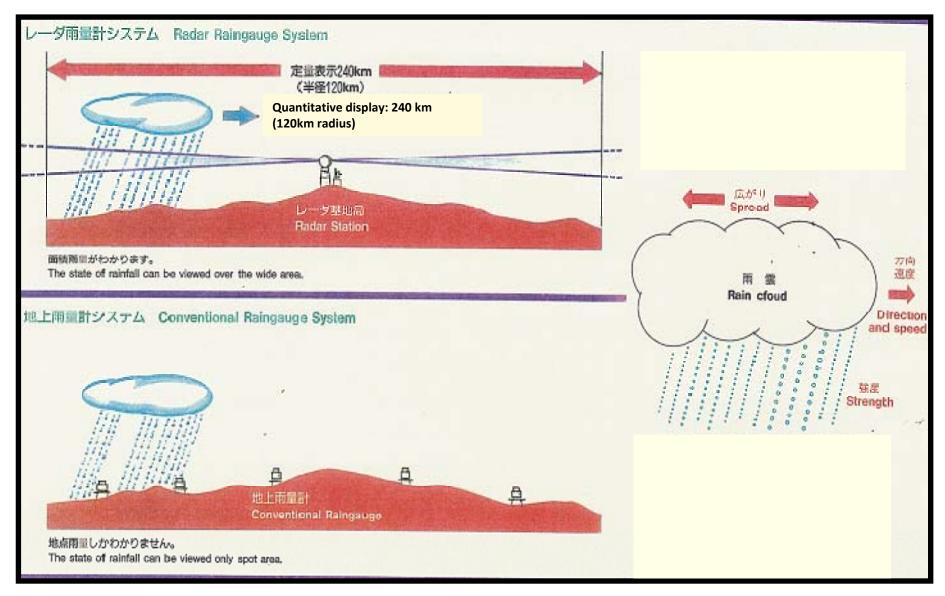
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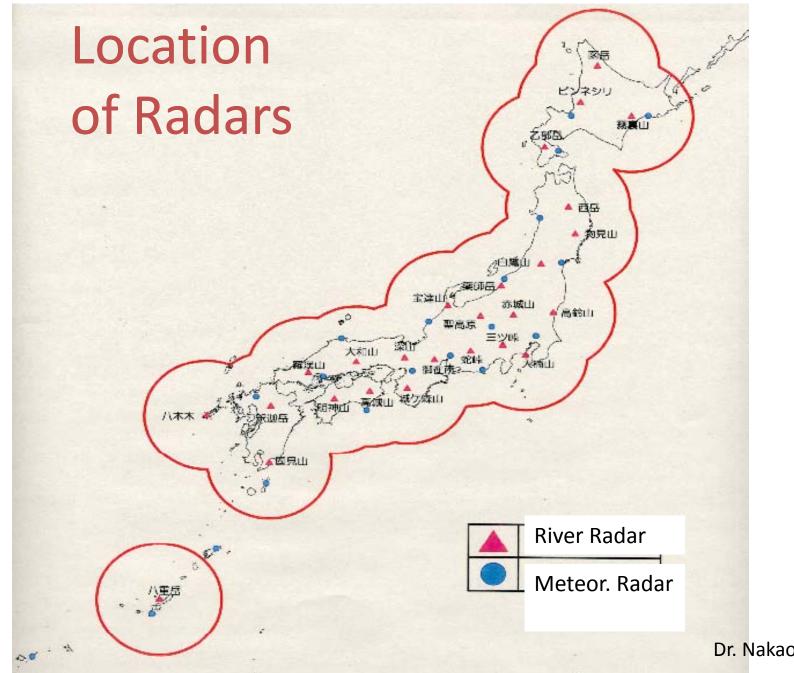
Most data are updated every 5(radar) or 10(telemeter) minutes. © FRICS

Radar Rain Gage



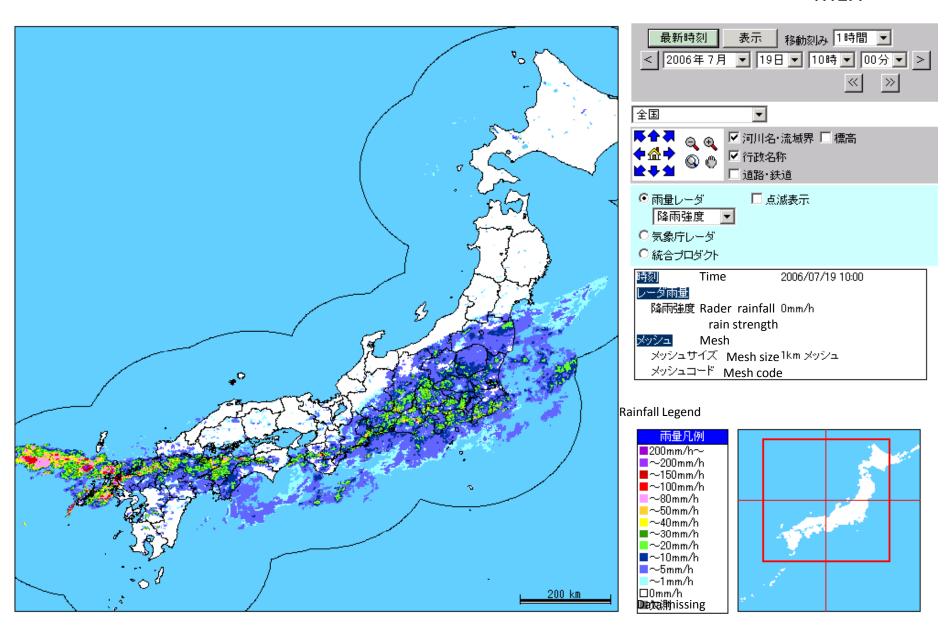
Radar Rain Gauge System





Rainfall Map (July, 2006)

MLIT

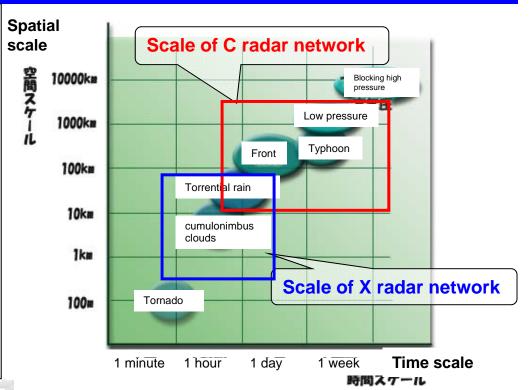


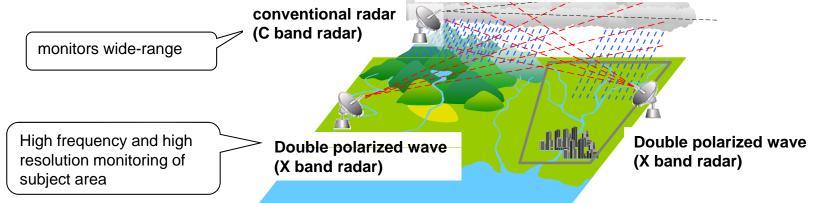
X Band Radar

Intensive use of X band radar

- ·High frequency (every 1 minute) and high resolution (250m mesh) rainfall distribution.
- · Development of airy winds and clouds obtained from the volume scan.
- ·Linkage with wide-area rainfall distribution obtained from the C band radar and numerical forecasting etc.

Forecasting of local heavy rain and torrential rainfall in 10-60 minutes.





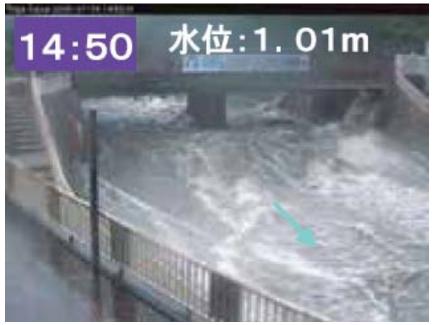
Rainfall observation bridging the spatial and temporal gap of conventional radar.

TOGA River in Kobe Sudden Flood in 28 July 2008 14:32-16:40



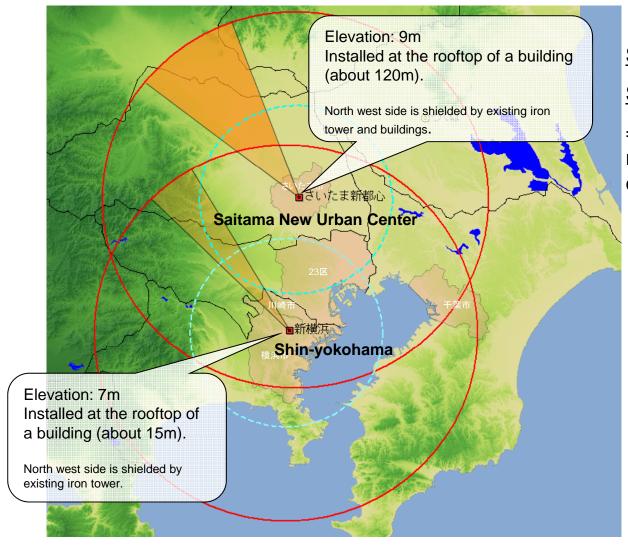
KOBE City http://www17.plala.or.jp/kcamera/movie/demo.html





http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4QWVzKoL-J8&feature=player_detailpage

Installation Position (Kanto region)



Shin-yokohama,

Saitama New Urban Center

=>to conduct actual monitoring of the prioritized observation area.

Red solid-line circle : 60km radius

Aqua blue dot-line circle: 30km radius

Notice: Both sites have shielding by artifacts (orange colored area)

⇒ considered to take the shielded area away from prioritized observation area Shielded area of Shin-Yokohama can be covered by Saitama New Urban Center (light orange colored area)

MLIT

Closed Circuit TV



Display in an Operation Room

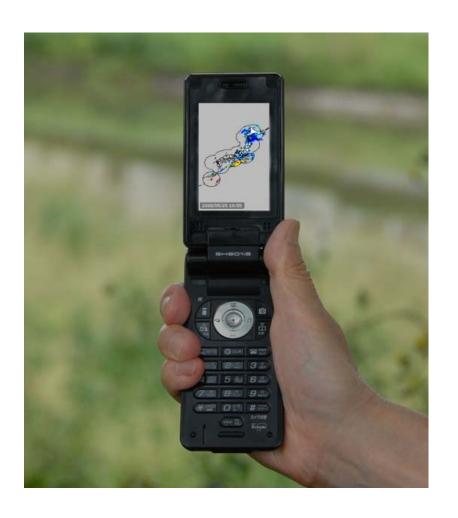


Information through Internet for the Public

http://www.river.go.jp/



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Thank you for your attention